

THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

NUMBER 567.]

WEDNESDAY, October 18, 1797.

[VOLUME XI.]

LEXINGTON:—Printed on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS by J. BRADFORD, on Main Street: where Subscriptions, at Twenty-one Shillings Per Annum. Advertisements, Articles of Intelligence, Essays, &c. are thankfully received, and Printing in general executed in a neat and correct manner.

For Sale,

The noted high bred Horse
CINCINNATUS,

A BEAUTIFUL foal, seven years old, fifteen hands high; well known for his talents as a foal getter, and his remarkable powers on the turf.

MONTEZUMA,

A full bred Spanish stud, from Mexico, five or six years old, fifteen hands high, and allowed by good judges to be superior to any of his kind that has ever appeared in this country.

A well formed BAY MARE, fifteen hands high, seven years old, well calculated for the saddle or harness, being remarkably sure of foot, and perfectly tractable.

A BLACK MARE, thirteen hands and an inch high, of a handsome form, and exceeded by none of her size for the saddle, either in point of gait or spirit.

A strong built BLACK MARE, fourteen hands and an inch high, six years old, and rides remarkably well.

An elegant full blooded BROOD MARE, 15 hands high, 8 years old, of a beautiful bay, and would truly be an acquisition to any gentleman conveniently situated for breeding fine horses. Apply to

LATHAM & BANKS.

Lexington, 9th August, 1797.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

BEING commissioned AUCTIONEERS under the United States; beg leave to inform the public, they are in a situation to serve them, in the sales of any kinds of goods or property, either by public or private disposition.

LATHAM & BANKS.

Who have for sale two lots of ground.—One on the north-east corner of Second and Lime-streets, on which is a good two story framed dwelling house and out houses.—The other a vacant lot, on the fourth well corner of said streets—fronting on Lime-street 66 feet, and on Second, 165 feet, at present occupied by Mr. Allen, who will sell the premises.

Lexington, September 23, 1797.

GEORGE ADAMS,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has opened a tavern, in that commodious house on Main street the third door below Cross street; where those who please to favor him with their custom, shall meet with every possible attention.

NOTICE,

THE partnership of Reid & McWhin being this day dissolved by mutual consent, all those indebted to said firm, by bond, note or book account, are requested to come forward immediately and settle their respective balances.—Likewise all those who have any demands against said firm, to bring them forward to David Reid, properly authenticated, for settlement, in whole hands the books are left for settlement.

Lexington, September 8, 1797.

NOTICE,

THE Co-partnership of JOHN A. SEITZ and FRANCIS LAYMAN, hitherto trading under the firm of Seitz & Layman, has been dissolved by mutual consent, on the 17th inst. Their books papers &c. are in the hands of John A. Seitz, for adjustment.—on whom all those who have any demands against the late firm of Seitz & Layman, are requested to apply for a settlement; and those who are indebted to them, it is hoped will make immediate payment, otherwise their accounts will be placed in the hands of proper officers for collection.

JOHN A. SEITZ.

SEPTEMBER 23, 1797.

For Sale,

TWO thousand acres of LAND, on Yellow creek, surveyed in the name of William Fleming. This Land includes Davis's station, at the foot of Cumberland mountain. For terms apply to

JOHN OVERTON,

in Lexington.

For Sale.

IN LEXINGTON,

The corner of Main and Cross streets.

The corner of Cross and Water streets.

The Stone House on Water street.

And that Commodious House and lot on High street. For terms apply to Maj. James Morrison in Lexington, or to the subscriber, on Main Street, six miles from Frankfort.

BENJ. S. COX.

September 25, 1797.

NOTICE.

A PETITION will be presented to the next general assembly for adding a part of Bourbon county, to the county of Clarke.

R. H. tp

20 For Sale,

TWO SECTIONS OF LAND, in the Military range, within Judge Symms's deed, out of the following numbers, viz. 3 and 15 in the second township, and 3, 6 and 22 in the 3d township. Persons who wish to be accommodated may purchase in small quantities. For terms apply either to J. & A. Hart or William Wells in Cincinnati, to Col. Oliver Spencer in Columbia, or John W. Hunt, merchant, in Lexington.

NOTE:—An indispensible title will immediately be given to purchasers.

Cincinnati, August 2.

22 Hughes and Fitzhugh, HAVE for file, at their Factory, near Hagerstown, Washington county, Maryland,

A LARGE and GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

NAILS,

which they will dispose of on reasonable terms.

March 20, 1797.

24 FOR SALE,

An Overholt Merchant-Mill With two pair of Stones, together with a

Saw-Mill and Distillery,

STANDING in Madison county, upon Silver creek, six miles from the Kentucky river.—Also, about

140 Acres of Land,

Twenty-five of which are cleared. The grist-mill will be finished in a few weeks by an eminent European millwright, and upon the best construction. The situation of the mills is well known to be as good as any in the state. The dam and race, have stood the late heavy floods without damage, and the stream continues the whole year. Any person inclinable to purchase, may apply to George Smart in Lexington, or to Robert Smart, at the mills.

GEORGE SMART.

ROBERT SMART.

July 10, 1797. N. B. If the Mills are not sold when finished, they will be let for 7 years.

Man's Lick, September 24, 1797. We are well informed that some malicious person has lodged falsly of an inferior quality, for a length of time, at the widow Conings's, for sale, as being of our manufacture. We hereby declare to the public, that we did never lodge any fals for sale on the road between this place and Lexington. This deception is calculated not only to injure our reputation, but the public at large.

JAMES F. MOORE,

CHARLES BEELER.

2m

DANCING SCHOOL.

The subscriber returns his thanks to those who have patronized him in the line of his profession, and informs them, that his school will be opened for the present season, on Thursday the 28th instant, at Mr. Bradford's room, in Lexington.—Every exertion to accomplish the wishes of his patrons, will be made use of, by

RICHARD DAVENPORT.

September 11.

BAIRDSTOWN RACES,

Will commence on the third Wednesday October next, and will continue Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, on the 10th, 11th, and 12th inst. The first day, the three mile heats; second day two mile heats, and the last day one mile heat. There is one hundred and fifty dollars subscribed now. The rules of the Jockey Club of this date are to be observed in these races.

September 2, 1797.

* * * Those gentlemen in whose hands proposals for printing the Kentucky Laws, have been lodged, will please to forward the number of the subscribers they have obtained, to the Office of the Kentucky Gazette, as soon as possible, in order that the work may be immediately put to press, if the stipulated number of copies are subscribed for.

JUST PUBLISHED,

AND FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE—PRICE 9d.

An Expollatory Letter

From EDWARD RUSHTON to GEORGE WASHINGTON, of Mount Vernon.

18 STOLEN

FROM the plantation of the subscriber, about two and a half miles from Lexington, on Tuesday night the 1st instant, a sorrel Mare, 3 years old, a natural trotter, about 14 hands high no brand, her tail is docked, she has a low carriage before, and keeps her nose out, a blaze down her face, and a dark spot on her buttock. A reward of ten dollars will be given for the Mare, and thief, or five dollars for the Mare, and all other reasonable charges.

THOMAS IRWIN.

Mansfield August 14.

23 FOR SALE.

The Subscriber,

WHO is about to remove his old Rock Walk, will lay out the land on which it stands, in six lots, sixty-six and two thirds feet in front, and one hundred and forty back, he will also lay out a lot on the street he lives on, the same size including his blacksmith's shop, on three of the other lots will be three small brick houses, which will accommodate as many families; all of which will be sold on a reasonable term by

THOMAS HART.

Three Dollars Reward.

Strayed from the plantation of Mr. Francis Downing, on Hickman, four miles from Lexington, on the 24th instant, a dark bay horse, eight or nine years old, nearly fifteen hands high, a blaze and fifty, two hind feet white. Whoever will deliver the said horse to Mr. Francis Downing, or to the subscriber, shall have the above reward.

Lexington, April 28.

George Heytel.

NOTICE, to those whom it may concern.—That whereas I have purchased of Richard Chinnoweth of Jefferson county, an arbitration bond on Col. Wm. Fleming of Virginia, and have given him in exchange, my due bill for fifty-six pounds in merchandise; but have been credibly informed since, that there is a deception in the bond, this is to forewarn any person from trading for or taking an assignment on the said due bill, as I am determined not to discharge it until I hear to the contrary.

JOHN CLAY.

24 For sale

FOR CASH OR MERCHANDISE,

Two thousand five hundred acres of LAND, lying on the T. wing, about 25 miles from the seat of government, and about ten from Dr. Duff's lick—said land was located and surveyed in the name of Thomas Turpin, and adjoins a tract advertised by Mr. T. Turpin, of Woodford county. Any person inclinable to purchase, may know the terms by applying to Capt. Walker Bayley near Lexington, or to the subscriber in Garrard county.

WILLIAM M. BLEDSOE.

June 19.

ALL persons indebted to the subscribers, are requested to make immediate payment, as one of us intends starting for Baltimore on or about the first of October next—we request a punctual attendance to this notice, as a non-compliance will materially injure us.

SMITH & ARTHUR.

Winchester, August 26, 1797.

THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY

FOR SALE—

2550 acres of Land, on Sturgeon creek, Madison county.

1000 do. military, on Poage's creek, a branch of Trade water; said to have an excellent lick on it.

1000 do. in Fayette, near the mouth of Hickman.

The house and lot whereon I now live.

The house and lot formerly belonging to William Roff.

Two valuable lots in Frankfort. One No. 13. The other containing one and half acres, lying immediately in the fork of the roads on the top of his hill, and an excellent spring within a few yards of it.

Eight or ten likely young negroes—consisting of women, boys and girls; the women are excellent house servants.

Also the stock of goods I have on hand, which are well assorted. The above property may be had low by immediate application to the subscriber.

MANN SATTEWHITE.

Lexington, September 14, 1797.

Blank Deeds for sale at this

Office.

WANTED

A person who is well acquainted with Malting & Brewing of Beer,

Also A DISTILLER. Great encouragement will be given—Apply to

A. Holmes.

Lexington, July 26, 1797.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from Washington, (Madison county, Kentucky,) some time in May last, a Negro Man named LOUIS, (or LUE,) about twenty-four years of age, five feet six or eight inches high, has a halt in one of his legs. The above reward will be given if secured in any jail in this state.

A. HOLMES.

Lexington, July 15.

NOTICE.

The partnership of CHARLES

HUMPHREYS & Co. was dissolved on the 1st inst. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment—and those who have any demands are requested to call on the subscriber for payment, in whole hands the books are placed.

ANDREW HOLMES.

April 16.

Warranted Bouling Cloths,

ANDREW HOLMES'S STORE, The corner of Main and Mill streets, Lexington.

SHOT

OF the different numbers, made by A. F. SAUGRAIN, in Lexington, and sold whole sale and retail, at ANDREW HOLMES'S Store.

Lexington August 8.

FOR SALE,

A LARGE QUANTITY OF CORN, BACON and WHISKEY.

Apply to

A. HOLMES,

Lexington.

Excellent Vinegar for sale

At my still house in Lexington, by the large or small quantity.

SAUGRAIN.

Wanted Immediately,

A GOOD JOURNEMAN SHOEMAKER, to whom the highest wages will be given—enquire of the Printer.

September 6, 1797.

FOR SALE,

A Likely Negro Wench.

Apply to the Printer.

FOR SALE,

A LARGE and CONVENIENT HOUSE and LOT, on Main street, with a good stable, &c. Also, six thousand acres of Land on Bank lick creek, about ten miles from the Ohio. The land is of excellent quality, and the title indisputable. For terms apply to

JOHN A. SEITZ.

THE TRACT OF LAND on which

I now live, lying about two miles from Lexington, near the Georgetown road, containing two hundred acres; it is well watered and timbered, about 50 acres cleared—the title indisputable. For terms apply to the subscriber who now resides on the premises.

FRANCIS DILL.

ABRAHAM & JOHN W. HUNT.

With to purchase at their store in Lexington a quantity of

TOBACCO and HEMP,

For which they will give a generous price, and

They have on hand a large assortment of

MERCHANTS, which they are offering for sale on the most moderate terms.

LAST NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to the subscriber are once more requested to pay up their respective accounts. Also those indebted to West and Guthrie are requested to make payment to the subscriber, as that partnership is dissolved by mutual consent.

N. B. Nelson Thomason is authorized to settle the above accounts.

Sept. 27, EDWARD WEST.

PARIS, June 21.
Extract of a letter from Calais, dated 28th Prairial, June 16.

"This morning at 5 o'clock, entered this harbor, an English fishing boat, in which were found 18 sailors and 4 women, who had escaped from the English vessel, the *Inflexible*, which, after being in a state of insurrection, had submitted; eleven of these men, who were part of the insurgents, escaped in the long boat of the ship, at the moment they were about to be put into irons; they palled under the guns of the *Monmouth*, who they expected would fire on them, but they did not; after getting some distance off, they took possession of the fishing vessel they arrived in at this place. Of these, 18 men, two were delegates, and one president; ten others were members of the committee of information. They had every thing to fear, as the fleet at the Nore had entirely submitted, and consented to give up their chiefs. The redoubtable Parker is in the hands of government. These insurgents wear a blue ribbon on their hats, on which is written, in letters of gold, *The loyal and just committee of his majesty's ship Inflexible*. Also a blue and red cockade.

July 19.
The *Corfair La Prodigie*, which set sail from the road of Dunkirk, under command of capt. Wandezande, met on the 23th June, nine English merchant ships, which composed a formidable squadron. The *Corfair La Prodigie*, after two terrible engagements, took six of the English vessels, four of which have already entered the Texel. Never did a privateer merit better its name. The French captain and all his crew achieved prodigies of valor; and, if they had had a sufficient number of hands, would have boarded all the enemy's vessels. A sergeant fell by the side of Wandezande, being wounded by a shot; they wished to give him some immediate assistance—"No! No!" said he "take care of my wounded comrades, who probably will recover; it is useless to lose moments so precious to them in dressing my wounds." A few minutes afterwards he expired. The *Prodigie* is arrived at Dunkirk, with 64 prisoners, amongst whom are the captains of six vessels, taken or burnt. Five days before this engagement, the privateer had taken and burnt an English brig in ballast, going from Hamburg to Hull.

August 1.
There are now 18 ships of the line in Brest harbor, ready for sea, together with a number of frigates.
The Directory has come to a resolution that the Palais Royal, shall no longer exist in its present state, but shall be converted into different streets.
Gen. Hoche has set out for Rheims.—We are assured that he will form a camp under the walls of that city, and the army he is to command for a ferocious expedition, is said to amount to 32,000 men.
L'Eclair.
Blood has again been shed at Tournai. A conflict has taken place, in which the Jacobins have been defeated, and two of them killed.
The letters that we receive from the Departments, speak only of contradictory orders given for the march of the troops. If a courier in the morning, brings an order to advance, another in the evening, brings an order to retreat. The general officers cross each other, and nothing seems to be thought of but bringing the two councils to their reason. This is a slight sketch of the proceedings that take place in our frontier departments, and which resemble too much those that preceded the revolution of 1793.—How is it that a government newly established so much resembles that which we are deprecating?

It is said indeed that Gen. Ferino, at Sedan, has stopped the march of two columns of our army that were going to Paris. He observed to them that their marching orders were not legal, and they retreated.—It is however, added that he was obliged to make preparations for opposing their passage, and that the cannon of the citadel were turned against them.

Tablenn's Europe.

CADIZ, July 11.

During three nights we have seen only three bombs fall in the town.—Our chaloupes and small armed vessels having advanced, have prevented the enemy from reaching the town.

We receive assistance of those vessels from Seville and Carthage, and we shall soon have one hundred. The most cautious measures are taken for the sake of safety.

At Cadiz, the magazines below the walls, which are bomb-proof, have been converted into places of refuge for the inhabitants.—Death and immediate execution have been proclaimed against whoever shall commit robbery. The town has offered 15,000 piastres, and the merchants 200,000 as a reward to those seamen who shall act gallantly. Gen. Maffredo has promised a thousand piastres to the crew who shall take or sink a British chaloupe.

The squadron is preparing to be in readiness to go to sea. General Maffredo has informed the commanders of vessels, that as soon as they shall have cleared the harbor, he will make the signal for forming the line, which if a ship disobey, instantly the commander shall be arrested, and the second in command shall take charge of the ship; if he shall fail, the third, and so on.

The court has returned an answer by the first courier from General Maffredo and his authorized him to act according to circumstances, with permission to him to take in Cadiz what money he wants, from the sums offered by the merchants to the king. We are assured, that the Spanish sailors appear to be much animated, two batteries being now finished, and tarantines being prepared with 30 pounder and furnaces for red hot balls.

The precautions and means of defence, makes us easy respecting the attack of the British.

ROME, July 7.

The agitation here as well as in the other parts of the states of the Church continues to be very great. The Pope yesterday went from the Vatican to the Quirinal palace, without acclamation and without crowd.

A letter is in circulation here, written by General Buonaparte to Cardinal Maltei, at Ferrara, in which the general says, that he is daily invited to Rome to give the people there better laws, and a constitution more agreeable to the rights of man.

BASLE, July 4.

It appears that the spirit of revolution which has every where led to such great calamities, is daily making sensible progress in Switzerland.—This country, hitherto so happy, enjoyed the most profound tranquillity, whilst its neighbors were afflicted with a long and ruinous war, but during these few months, it appeared destined to become, in its turn, the theatre of disorder. The commotions which had broken out successively in Geneva, Locarno, Bellinzone, in Valais, and the countries under the government of the Abbe de St. Gale, &c. has been happily appeased, or at least appear to draw towards a conclusion.—This is, however, not the case with the revolution which has broken out in the Valtellins. This country, has been for a long time subject to the Griston league, which makes part of Switzerland subject to the Helvetic Body. The inhabitants have always displayed a restless and unsettled disposition, and have even made attempts at different periods, but without success, to shake off the yoke of the Gristons: the latter have only been able to maintain their power by granting many privileges to the Valtellins.

Since the Valtellins has seen the Milanese freed from the Austrian domination, a violent degree of fermentation has prevailed in that country. At Sables, Firan and in other places, societies under the denomination of POPULAR, have been formed for the discussion of political questions, and the principles of democracy are professed very openly in them.—The Lombard friends and brothers have fraternized with their neighbors; and in short, on the 12th of July the people rose in a mass, drove away all their civil officers, who were not natives of the country, and declared themselves FREE and INDEPENDENT.—Proclamations were immediately published to justify this measure, in which the inhabitants of the Valtellins assign as the reason for it, the violation of their privileges, and the tyranny exercised over them by the Gristons. They at the same time proclaimed the RIGHTS of MAN, and set about making a constitution.

BRUSSELS, July 11.

The following are the most certain accounts of the marches and counter-marches of the troops of the army of the Sambre and Meuse towards the interior of the Republic.

Some days ago an order arrived for causing all the troops, as well as the artillery who had passed the ancient frontiers of France, to retreat; but on the 27th of July there came very pressing orders from Paris, for all the troops to march into the interior of the Republic. A column which had come from Charleroi to Namur, set off without retreating for Givet, and all the troops in the neighborhood, and the Park of artillery set off on the same night for the interior.

It may be asked why these troops who are said to be destined for a maritime expedition, carry with them such a quantity of artillery and warlike stores? Why are they accompanied by flying artillery by four regiments of horse chassiers, by dragons and hussars? Without answering all these important questions, we can only say, as a certain fact, that attempts are made to excite the troops against the legislative body. Wherever the detachments of the army of the Sambre and the Meuse have passed, they have shown the most dreadful want of discipline, pillaging their hosts, illusing them, and when they were complained, fligmatizing them with the names of Chouans and Royalists.

BOSTON, September 14.

RUSSIAN TREATY.

Every circumstance proves the folly at last of the British treaty, to say nothing more of authors. It has been a source of extreme mortification to every "true American," that this unhappy instrument was ever formed; as it is no less disgraceful to our national character, than subversive of our interests. The plea of necessity, framed by its friends, to justify this impolitic measure, is altogether hypothetical, and is not supported by the least evidence probable or possible. But if there was once reason to doubt, that reason is now at an end. The British minister, the same identical Grenville, has lately conceded to Russia the very point of a free navigation, even of enemy's goods, and in the present war, which he refused to America, while every body knows that the trade of this country is absolutely more consequential to England than that of Russia. A Russian merchantman, may now sail from Peterburgh, manned by French sailors, or Dutch or Spanish, directly to any ports in either Indies, take their colonies produce on board, and carry it safe to any port in Europe. Naval stores are not contraband, much less provisions; nor in fact, any article except mere implements of war.

This same favor will no doubt be granted to Sweden and Denmark; while the poor Americans, with their three frigates to protect them, must see their vessels stopp'd, searched, detained and confiscated by every pirate.

The British treaty working both ways, allows to France the same rights it has expressly secured to Great Britain. And yet, blind to their interests, corrupted by their fears, or contaminated by foreign gold, thousands have approved this very treaty—which, even yet bids fair to ruin the country, by securing the full benefit of the carrying trade to foreign nations, and excluding our own citizens from this inestimable traffic.

September 18.

The bombardment of Cadiz, hitherto, has been mere English gasconade. They have employed two or three hatches only, in that service, and as usual, have made great noise to little purpose.

NEW-YORK, September 22.

Yesterday arrived here the ship Nestor, Captain Rogers, from Curacao. Just before he sailed, which was on the 26th of August, a sloop had arrived there from Leguira with the news of an insurrection on the Spanish Main—and that the insurgents had taken the Fort at Leguira. Their object, it seems, is to obtain a free trade upon a similar footing with other ports belonging to European powers. Their plan is extensive, has been long in agitation, and is well digested.

Captain Rogers has no doubt of the above intelligence, for he converted

with several gentlemen on the subject, who were on the Main at the time of the explosion.

September 28.

A gentleman arrived at Wilmington from Belfast writes, that the ship in which he came was boarded by a French privateer, by which he was informed, that a number of French and Dutch had landed in Ireland; How far this can be depended upon, the intelligent reader may judge. Another part of his intelligence bears an appearance of probability—thirteen privateers, one of which boarded the same vessel, are fitted out from the island of Guernsey, manned by French emigrants, and provided with French and British colours, to be used occasionally for the purpose of piracy.

PHILADELPHIA, September 26.

VIVE LA BAGATELLE!

A Parisian Journalist, descending on the thoughtfulness of the French national character, illustrates his observations by the following pleasant story:

"The king of Bamboos, had a minister of understanding, who listened to his majesty the thoughtfulness of his subjects. The king of Bamboos thought this no defect in state.—"Doctor, (said he to him) you ever delight to contemplate objects in the most gloomy colors. Believe me, thoughtfulness is the filter of gaiety. "We are ever ready to be merry in the absence of unpleasant feelings." "You think so?" replied the minister, "With all my heart." Convinced thus, they walked along the banks of the Ganges. A beggar, seated upon the side of the river, asked them for charity. The minister threw a piece of money into the beggar's hat; there was a hole in the hat, the piece of money fell through, rolled along and dropped into the river and was lost. "It is gone!" said the beggar; "what was it?"—"A piece of copper."—"Was that all?" the king then is no great matter." The king and the minister continued their walk, while the king observed, "See there now, the advantage of thoughtfulness." Some hours after, as they returned, they again met the beggar, who had never moved from the spot. "Bestow your charity on the poor man!" said he.—The minister pulled a shag from his finger, and threw it into the hat. The hole was still in it, and the ring fell through, rolled along and was lost in the river. "Gone again!" said the beggar; "What was it this time?"—"A trifle," answered the minister. "A diamond worth two thousand rupees."—"Two thousand rupees!" (said the beggar,) "O ill-fated wretch! O fatal thoughtfulness! Had I but minded that cursed hole when the piece of copper—" He sprang up, plunged headlong into the Ganges and was drowned. "See there!" (said the minister) "the consequences of thoughtfulness!"

We bear a strong resemblance to the king of Bamboos's beggar; but have a care of the ring worth two thousand rupees.

MARTINSBURGH, September 21.

We were last evening informed by a person, immediately from Baltimore, that in consequence of the increase of the yellow fever in that town and at the point, the inhabitants in general are retreating into the country; from 25 to 30 died daily during the last week.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber living near Georgetown, Scott county, on the night of the 7th instant, a negro man, named Ralph, about five feet six or six inches high, well made, of a down look when spoken to, and of a black complexion, had on when he went away, a linen coat, mixed with black wool doubled and twisted, and overalls of the same, a coarse brown linen shirt and felt hat; he is a free make; by trade, and carried tools with him; also two Indian blankets, one white linen shirt and a hoop skirt besides the one he had on; also a gray Bath coating coat half worn, two pair of short breeches, one of yellow country cotton, the other of green Calender half worn, and linen waistcoat striped with red. The above reward will be given to any person that will secure said negro to that I get him, with all reasonable charges paid by me.

RICHARD DICKIN.

October 14.

11

LEXINGTON:

Wednesday, October 18, 1797.

The British fleet lately employed in bombarding and blockading Cadix, under the command of the Earl of St. Vincents, consisted of one ship of 110 guns; two of 100; three of 98; two of 90; twelve of 74; one of 64; one of 38; five of 36; five of 32; one of 28; two of 24; one of 20; one of 18; one of 10; and a float of 14 guns—in all 40 sail. The frightening of some old women and Spanish monks out of Cadix, will hardly compensate for the expenditure of so much British powder.

NO NEWS IS GOOD NEWS

This may at first blush, appear some what paradoxical, but upon the smallest investigation the mystery will vanish. Most men are rather dissatisfied at reading a newspaper, unless it affords them some very interesting and important intelligence: But let us consider a moment: Does not ninety nine to a hundred of this kind of intelligence, consist in the calamities of our fellow creatures? And if so, no news is comparatively good news.

A sleigh driving over the ice loaded with men and women, broke through, and all drowned: A vessel foundered at sea, or bilged on the rocks; the men perished or perhaps one or two saved, but suffered amazing hardships: Men robbed and murdered: A house burnt: A town laid in ashes, destroyed by an earthquake, or a violent inundation; thousands perished, and ruined: An obstinate engagement between two ships: A battle between two armies, with great effusion of human blood; hundreds, my, thousands killed, wounded, and taken prisoners.—What we call important is most generally callousness attended with wounds, bloodshed, misery and death, and when so is bad news: I say therefore, no news is good news. How beautiful is the order of nature! the planets move in their own orbits; the rivers in their own channels; and every good man in the way which nature and education have allotted him: No man is robbed; no house plundered; no town burnt; no found of the warrior, and garments rolled in blood; no remarkable distemper befalls any one: But then there is a dearth of News, and the people feel uneasy. Newspapers, say they, are now days hardly worth reading; But let us put a proper contradiction on all events, and we shall find that no news is good news; because we are then to suppose that harmony and good for tune pervades the world.

When the printer finds none of these calamitous matters to fill his paper with, he graces it, if he be a judicious man, with extraneous pieces on politics, husbandry, buisness, trade or morality; with now and then a sketch of wit and humour, which serve to exhilarate the spirits, inform the undeviating, reform the manners, or mend the heart: which, though it be no news is highly preferable to bad news.

FOR SALE,

For Cask and Country Produce.
A TRACT of LAND, containing one hundred and one acres and a half, twenty-five of which are cleared.—The land is of good quality, well watered and timbered, and has on it three cabins and a peach orchard, situated on the Kentucky river, between Jack's and Tate's creeks, about fifteen miles from Lexington, and well situated for a ferry. An indispensable title will be given.—For particulars enquire of

POYZER & Co.

Lexington, Oct. 18.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, on the waters of Cumberland, one bay mare, and one bay year old horse, colt, the mare about four years old, fourteen and a half hands high, branded on the near shoulder thus, p, her near hind foot white, trotted, appraised to £12 the colt to £4.

Also one bay mare, six years old, fourteen and a half hands high, a small star in her forehead, both hind feet white, branded on the near shoulder and buttock thus, appraised to £12.

JOHN WOODBRIDGE.

August 1.

FOR SALE,

Fifty acres of LAND.

LING in Fayette county, about three miles from Coggins ferry, on the Kentucky river, and lying on the road leading from thence to John-
flon's tavern; about six or eight acres cleared with two good cabins. Any person inclinable to purchase, may know the terms by applying to major John Morrison or John Bryant, who are attorneys in fact for

WILLIAM SOLSMAN.

To distillers and others

WHO may incline to carry on the business of rectifying spirituous liquors and the manufacturing cordials in an extensive manner, may now be supplying them the necessary articles for carrying on the duty, by applying to the sign of Andrew McCall's Apothecary's shop in Lexington. The Articles principally required are the following liquors, viz:—
1. A continuous distilled water ditto clear
2. Orange water, all flowers, &c. Also for making brandy and geneva equal in flavour and purity to that imported.—There are upwards of 200 lbs. of Holland juniper berries, and 100 lbs. of raisins, which may be purchased from the oldest articles, &c. applied for soon. Any person or persons inclining to purchase the whole or the Juniper berries or Annis seed alone, or the whole of the articles for making brandy and cordials will (if required) receive genuine instructions gratis, by letter or to take them to the greatest possible advantage.

Also, an exceeding good COPPER STILL, almost a quarter of an inch thick, containing better than 300 gallons, with a wagon mounted on the very best pivots, having two turns and weighing upwards of 500 lbs. with a large quantity of wrought iron suitable to fit up the still in the completest manner.—The boiler is which will set together on wheels, and is also suitable for firing the works of the great complete order, so that it can be worked with more ease than many stills are now of 100 gallons.

N.B. Cordials can be made to more advantage than at any other place.
Also, a FARM, of one hundred acres or upwards on the waters of Tate's creek.—It is about one mile and a half from Waters's mill, and four miles from the Kentucky river. Four acres of which is excellent mowing meadow, a very good hewn log house, nearly two stories high, with an excellent spring not ten yards from the house.—Also, a good stable, sufficiently large for four horses. On the said place there is a large mill race, and a mill large enough to carry on the brewing or distilling business. The place will be cleared as the possessor is in want of money.

N.B. Samples of several sorts of the cordials &c. may now be seen at the house of Mr. McCall.

The public, I presume, has seen a piece inserted by Benjamin S. Cox and Joseph Fenwick, in the Kentucky Gazette, with the design of injuring me, in the face of my duty. Their publication (malicious as it is) should find unanswerd; but that I am apprehensive my silence might be construed into a confession of their charges, and an acknowledgment of their claim.—Now I do assert that I never did land to Daniel Broadhead, nor can I legally claim a foot of property under me.—If he could, why do not the persons claiming under him, make it appear? I have been twenty years constantly in this state, and always denouncing, that my land disputes might be terminated, as during their continuance I have been exposed to much cruel and unmerited calumny. In all this time little, or nothing has been said by my opponents. Neither Cox nor Fenwick have published that for all the lands advertised by them, a suit has been commenced in the court of Quarter Sessions for Fayette. That I deny. This true complaint lifted against me in the Fayette Circuit, in April last, was not this truly true, that the complainants have never died their theft. From those circumstances, the public, I think may form a just estimate of the validity of their title. A claim so important, if it could have been established, would not have been so long neglected; or, at least, after commencing suit, they would have pursued with more keanness, if they had imagined they had any chance of success. Their lands I shall continue to sell, and I trust I shall be able to remove the doubts of any person who is disposed to buy. Let Messrs. Cox and Fenwick, in future know, that I despise the hypocritical cast of their publication. After accusing me of fraudulent intentions against innocent people—they kindly pay they have no intention of injuring me. Let me all the gentlemen if they would not think such a charge injurious? To them, indeed it might not be so—but most men would feel it sensibly, and the one of their forming complacence, would suit it as I do.

B. NETHERLAND.

THIS is to give notice that I shall attend with the commissioners appointed by the court of Bourbon county, at John Hedger's in the county aforesaid. I intend to take depositions on the 21st day of November ensuing, for the purpose of establishing an entry of 400 acres of land, made in the name of Joseph Fenwick, on the waters of Hutton, and conveyed for Samuel Meghe, and do such other things as may be necessary and according to law.

Samuel Meghe.

October 9, 1797.

NOTICE,

That I shall meet with the commissioners appointed by the court of Franklin county, at Thomas Logan's, on the waters of Sandy Fork of Kentucky's creek, in order to take the depositions of sundry witnesses on the 10th of November, to establish the claim of William Armstrong, of 300 acres.

ROBERT ARMSTRONG.

October 9, 1797.

NOTICE

To all whom it may concern, That I will attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Jefferson, on Friday the 30th of October 1797, at an entry made in the name of Lucas Vanarsdall, on the 31 day of February 1783, adjoining James Donald's land, on a small creek of Floyd's fork, on the fourth, north and east—then and there to perpetuate testimony, and do such other things as may be deemed necessary in order to establish a claim of 749 and one fourth acres of land according to law.

LUCA VANARSADALL.

NOTICE,

To all whom it may concern, that I will attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Jefferson, on Monday the 30th of October 1797, at an entry made in the name of James Donald, on the 29th May 1780, for 500 acres, upon a treasury warrant, on a small creek, a branch of Floyd's fork, about four miles south of Harrod's trace, to include a cabin, and improvement made by PAUL, then and there to perpetuate testimony and do such other things as may be deemed necessary in order to establish said 500 acres of land agreeable to law.

On the same day I will attend the commissioners appointed by the county court of Jefferson, on an entry made February 3d 1783, in the name of James Donald, for 3016 acres on two treasury warrants, No. — On a branch of Floyd's fork, joining his 500 acre tract, on the east—then and there to perpetuate testimony and do such other things as may be deemed necessary, in order to establish the said 3016 acres of land agreeable to law.

Adam Steel.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, near the mouth of Tate's creek, a dark bay mare, a part of her off hind foot white, has a star in her forehead, and a long snip on her nose, about 4 feet 2 inches high, 2 years old last spring, appraised to £1.

GEORGE REDMAN.

Madison county, }
June 27th 1797. }

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Scott county, about 20 miles of Harrod's tavern, on the south fork of Elkhorn, a black horse, 4 years old this spring, 14 hands high, no brands nor marks perceivable, the right hind foot white, appraised to £1.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER.

June 26

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Campbell county, near the mouth of Well's creek, a dark brown mare, about 14 hands high, 9 or 10 years old, branded on the near shoulder with K, with a star and ship, and some saddle marks, the near hind foot white, appraised to forty dollars.

DAVID SMITH.

NICHOLAS BRIGHT,

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER.

RETURNS his thanks to his customers for their past favors, and hopes by his attention to business, to merit them in future. He begs leave to inform the public in general that he has removed his shop to face the public square, two doors from Mr. Brown's tavern, and continues to carry on the above business in all its branches. He will give generous wages to three or four good journey-men.

Lexington, September 10.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, Clarke county, a bay horse, white hairs about his eyes and nose, white spots on his withers, no perceivable brand, five feet high, 7 years old, appraised to £1.

PRINCESNOW.

June 27.

Strayed or Stolen,

FROM Lexington on the 20th of August last, a dapple or Iron gray Mare, five years old, about fourteen hands and an inch high, branded on the side jaw thus S, well framed, a natural trotter, a long oval tail, has been bobbed but is grown long. Whoever will secure her and deliver her to William Simpson in Lexington, shall be generously rewarded, and if stolen, for the mare and colt I will give fifty dollars reward.

Andrew Barnett.

September 29, 1783.

FROM the subscriber, in Clarke county, on the Kentucky river, two foal mares, 3 years old, a chestnut foal, about thirteen hands high, with a blaze face, the other is a light foal with a white main & tail, and a small star in her forehead, no brand perceivable, appraised to £1.

THOMAS ELLIOTT.

July 26

WILLIAM REED,

CHAIR MAKER

WISHES to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has recommended the chair making business, at his shop on Main street, next door to lawyer Hughes's and Capt John Postlewait's, where any person favoring him with their custom may depend upon having their work well done, and on the shortest notice. He would take a lad about fifteen or sixteen years of age, to learn the chair making and house painting business.

On the first of November next, the commissioners appointed by the court of Bourbon county, will attend at the beginning corner of an entry of 900 acres, made in the name of James Gahert, in the year 1780, six miles from the Lower blue Licks, about one mile north west of a little deer lick, on Logan's trace, in the forks of a branch between Hoon's and Hington's traces.—Then and there to take the deposition of witnesses to perpetuate their testimony respecting said corner, and do such other things as may be necessary and agreeable to law.

THOMAS AMMON.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Is empowered to sell the following tracts of land viz:
1. 1443 acres, on Panther creek, Nelson county.
2. 3000 acres, ditto.
3. 400 acres, ditto.
4. 3532 acres, near the mouth of Green river, Madison county.
5. 3200 acres, Bourbon county, on the waters of Big Sandy.
6. 1000 acres, ditto, on the waters of the North fork of Licking, and waters of Johnson's fork of Licking.
7. 200 acres, in the county, near the dividing ridge between the fork of Licking and Elkhorn.
8. 2666 acres, of Continental Military land on the Ohio river, and Patoka creek.
9. 1000 acres, ditto, on the waters of Clay lick creek.
10. 1000 acres, ditto, on Clay lick creek, waters of Cumberland the terms may be known by application to Mr. Samuel Ayres in Lexington or Mr. Ashill Sneed in Frankfurt or to the subscriber.

JOHN DANIEL.

Franklin District (to wit.)

August Term, 1797.

John Patrick, Complainant, vs. James Wilkinson, and McConell's heirs et al. Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

ON the motion of the Complainant by his counsel, and it appearing to the court that the order to advertise, formerly awarded herein, against the defendant Wilkinson, has not been published agreeably to law, and the said James still appearing to be no inhabitant of this state, the court doth order that the said order be forthwith published in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively, and published at the door of Hickman's meeting house on some Sunday immediately after divine service, and at the front door of the state-house in the town of Frankfort.

(A Copy) To,

Willis Lee, C. F. D.

A Dead colored Great Coat was left in my store some time since. Any person proving his property, and paying for this advertisement can have it again.

H. McILVAIN.

Lexington, 11th October, 1797.

CASH

Will be given for a EIGHT WAGON, to apply to the printer of the Kentucky Gazette.



SACRED TO THE MUSES.

THE WITS.

Wits there are in ev'ry town,
One at least to ev'ry clown;
Wits that pun, and wits that bite,
Wits who read, and wits who write;
Wits who walk, and wits who dance,
Wits who ride, and wits who prance;
Wits that flog, and wits that joke,
Wits that snuff, and wits that smoke:
Every one for fame contending,
Something every one pretending.
Punning, biting,
Reading, writing,
Walking, dancing,
Riding, prancing,
Singing, joking,
Snuffing, smoking:
Every one for fame or self,
Popping up his own dear self.
But the wits of greatest dash,
Are the wits who have the cash:
Dulness though the group befriending,
There are ever wits depending;
Wits with them with looks profound,
Flourishes where they abound;
Aided by the sparkling wine,
The fun that always makes them shine.

ANECDOTE.

"Shipped by the Grace of God, &c." was formerly the universal preamble to a bill of lading, and "so God send the good ship to her desired port in safety," the pious conclusion. This phraseology not pleasing some of the Quakers and other conscientious persons, who did not approve of such light treatment of the Divine Name, Benjamin Franklin, who in the course of his business printed blank instruments, advertised, among the rest, "Bills of lading with or without the Grace of God."

Mind your own business, if you have not enough endeavor to get more, & don't intermeddle with that of other people.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, either by bond, note or book account, are requested to come forward and make payment to Mr. Thomas C. Howard, on or before the 15th of this inst. as I intend setting out for Baltimore and Philadelphia, about that time. Those who do not avail themselves of this notice, may rest assured that they shall be dealt with as the law directs, at the expiration of said time—therefore I am in hopes this notice will be attended to, without further trouble, as I am determined to have all my accounts finally settled by the 1st day of December next.
GEO. TEGARDEN.
September 5, 1797.

TO BE SOLD TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.

ON Thursday 22 day of November next, the tract of land where Capt. John Ellis, deceased, formerly lived, containing 33½ acres, lying 3 miles from Lexington, on the main road to Clarke court-house, by way of Strode's. There are three improvements on said tract, one containing 70 or 80 acres cleared, a frame dwelling house, 34 by 22, with three rooms below and two above, two stone chimneys with two fire places in each, a good kitchen and meat house, a large hewed log barn, with several other convenient houses, a peach orchard of about 500 trees, and a small apple and cherry orchard. There is about 30 acres cleared on the other two improvements, with several good cabins.

Also, a small tract of 47 acres, lying within half a mile of the above, there is a good cabin in it, and 7 or 8 acres cleared. The whole of the land will be sold together, or in parcels, as it will best suit the purchasers on the day of sale. There will be twelve months credit allowed the purchaser, his giving bond with approved security, bearing interest from the date, if not punctually paid. Attendance will be given on the premises by.

TIMOTHY PAXISH,
JAMES PAXISH,
LANCEFIELD BRAGE,
JOHN MARTIN,
ROBT. BUCKNER,
JACOB FINEBAUGH,
A. MONROCKEY.

Guardians.

Sept. 30, 1797.

Dialogues on Universal Refutation for sale.

All persons for whom I located land, are desired to come forward and pay off their respective balances, in order for a division, otherwise I shall petition the different courts for a division—Also all persons who have any demands against me for land, are desired to come forward, as I am ready to discharge the same.

I have for sale twelve thousand acres of land, on Little Kentucky, and Floyd's Fork, between eighteen and thirty miles from the Falls of Ohio, of a good quality, and lies level, which I will sell on reasonable terms for cash or negroes, and make a general warranty deed.
B. NETHERLAND.

March 16, 1797.

FOR SALE,

100 Acres of Military Land.

LYING in the county of Clarke, about 12 miles from Lexington on the main road leading from thence to Clarke court-house, adjoining the land of Hubbard Taylor—This land lies well, is all of the first quality, and of indubitable title—a deed of general warranty will be given. Any person inclined to see it will be gratified by Mr. Taylor. The terms may be known by applying to Mr. Joseph Coffey in Lexington, or to Capt. Richard Terrell at Beargrass.

Aaron Fontaine.

Jefferson, March 5, 1797.
The whole will be sold together, or divided into one or two hundred acres lot, as may best suit the purchasers. A. F.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

Two or three Apprentices

To the Carpenter's and Shop Joiner's Business. Also two or three

Good Journeymen,

for House work, to whom generous wages will be given.

JOHN SPANGLER.

Lexington, April 12.

12 Doctor Samuel Brown,

BEGS leave to inform the public, that he will practice MEDICINE and SURGERY in Lexington and its vicinity. He occupies the house in which Mr. Love lately lived, opposite to Mr. Stewart's printing office.

He will undertake, on reasonable terms, to instruct one or two pupils, who can bring good recommendations.
September 5, 1795.

13 JOHN COONS, COPPER SMITH,

informs his friends and the public, that he has just received a quantity of Copper of the best quality, at his shop in Lexington where they may be supplied with any kind of work in his line on the shortest notice.

FOR SALE,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES;

THREE NEW STILLS of the best quality, and the vessels fitting the same, all made last fall, and in good order. Also, a LIXELY YOUNG NEGRO MAN, a good distiller. Also a VERY LIXELY NEGRO GIRL, sixteen years of age. Also, the noted horse called THE FERGUSON GRAY. I will take in exchange, likely young geldings and brood mares. Any gentleman inclining to purchase, may apply to the subscriber living on Cane run, four miles from Lexington, Fayette county.

SAMUEL BEELER.

THE managers of the Lexington Chances of Insurance, have authorized Mr. Samuel Pollock of Lexington, to receive any money that may be due to them for tickets, and also, to pay such sums as may be due to the holders of fortunate numbers—wherefore, all those who are indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

THE MANAGERS.

Lexington, September 2, 1797.

TAKE NOTICE.

THE administration taken on the estate of John May dec. by Mr. David Rofs, is superseded, by the qualifying of the Executor, named by the will of the said deceased. Therefore all those who have any demands against the said estate, and have not already delivered them to the late administrator, will forward them to Mr. Richard Stephens of Nelson county, that arrangements may be made to discharge them. All persons who may be indebted to the said estate, will please to pay the same to the said Stephens, whom I have appointed my agent in the state of Kentucky.

THOMAS LEWIS,

Acting in behalf of the Executor
July 12, 1797.

28 NOTICE.

CHARLES HUMPHREYS HAS recommenced business in the Brick Store opposite the Court house, lately occupied by Hugh McIlwain Esq. where he has to dispose of, a great variety of articles, consisting of DRY GOODS, HARD WARE, QUEEN'S WARE, GROCERIES, And a small quantity of PATENT MEDICINE.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS several tracts of Land in different parts of Kentucky, for sale, which he will dispose of reasonably.

JOHN CLAY.

Lexington, 4th August, 1796.

For sale,

THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF LAND. ONE tract lying in the county of Campbell, on the waters of Locust creek, containing 2099 acres. One tract, lying on Long Lick creek, branch of Rough creek, Hardin county, about 10 miles from Hardin settlement, containing 2500 acres.

The above lands will be disposed of on moderate terms; one half of the purchase money to be paid down, for the other a credit of twelve months will be given, the purchaser giving bond with approved security. Any person inclined to purchase, may know the terms by applying to Capt. Robt. Craddock in Danville, or JOHN W. HOLT, Esq. in fact for THOS. HOLT.

IRON BANK.

SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS.

ONE thousand acres of Land, lying North-West of the Ohio, containing an extensive bank of excellent ore. As the subscribers suppose the quality of this ore to be superior, and by Mr. Saugman of Lexington, to whom any person desirous of purchasing can apply for information. The above tract of land lies about twelve miles from the Ohio river, and about one mile from Little Scioto, which empties a few miles above the three Islands—A stream supposed to be well calculated for a furnace, runs through the land, and has a fall of thirty feet at one spot, and about three quarters of a mile from the bank of ore—For other particulars apply to Mr. Alexander Parker of Lexington, or the subscribers in Washington.

BASIL DUKE.

JOHN COBURN.

April 21, 1797.

NOTICE. WHEREAS, the partnership of Alexander and James Parker being dissolved (by the death of James) the executors of the said firm, by bond, note or book account, to come forward immediately and settle their respective balances; likewise all those who have any demands against said firm, to bring them forward properly, as aforesaid, for settlement, as the debt of the aforesaid firm must be immediately paid and the partnership settled—No indulgence can be expected.

ALEX. PARKER, JOHN COBURN, JOHN BRADFORD, } Exrs.
Lexington, April 12, 1797.

John M'Dowell and Daniel Workman Plaintiffs, against Christopher Bryant, Jacob Myers, Edward Worthington, William Veach, Elizabeth Veach, Thomas Shepherd, William Shepherd and Mary Shepherd, Defendants.

In Chancery.

The defendants not having entered their appearance agreeable to law and the rules of this court, it is ordered, that the satisfaction of the court that they are not inhabitants of this state; on the motion of the complainants by their counsel, it is ordered that the said defendants do appear here on the 18th day of November next, and answer the bill of complaint—that a copy of this order be forthwith published in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively, and some Sunday immediately after divine service, at the Presbyterian meeting-house, in the town of Lexington, and another copy be posted at the door of the court-house in the town of Lexington.
(A Copy) Teffe.

Levi Todd, C. F. C.

For Sale,

THE LOTS IN NEW-GARDEN.

NEW-GARDEN is a town lately laid out on a slight elevation, on part of that tract of land, well known by the name of English's Station, on the fourth bank of Dick's river, in the neighborhood of a very fertile settlement. It is unnecessary to enumerate the many advantages that accompany New-Garden; it abounds in good springs, good timber, land and limestone, (which are essential for building,) through which passes the great influx of emigration from the Eastern States to Kentucky.

The sale of said lots will commence on the premises on the 1st of November next, and will continue until the 5th, where due attention will be given by the subscriber or his agents—the purchaser giving bond and approved security—some part of the purchase money to be paid in three months from the day of sale, the remaining two thirds payable in six months from the day of sale; at which time a general warranty deed will be executed for said lots.

Lucas Sullivan,

John McClelland, complainant,

George Clark, defendant,

IN CHANCERY.

The defendant not having entered his appearance agreeable to law, and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that he is not an inhabitant of this state—on the motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant do appear on the second Monday in November next, and answer the bill of the complainant—that a copy of this order be forthwith published in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively, and some Sunday immediately after divine service, at the Presbyterian meeting-house, in the town of Lexington, and another copy be posted at the door of the court-house in the town of Lexington.
(A Copy) Teffe.

LEVI TODD, C. F. C.

WHEREAS Benjamin Netherlands, who is well known to the people of Kentucky, has advertised Federal tracts of land in this state for sale, we have given this friendly notice to those whom it may concern, that we have a claim to the following tracts of land, which were sold by the said Netherlands, to Daniel Broadhead, viz:

5000 acres in Cox's district, 1000 on Floyd's fork, 500 on do. 500 on do. 3000 on do. 5311 on Green river, 192 on Sandy, including a fall spring, 1000 on Licking creek, 7000 near the Big Bone lick, 1000 on Eagle creek, 500 on the waters of the Ohio, 2,400 and a quarter, at the mouth of Dick's river, 23½ and a half, on Jefferson, 1000 on do. 1620 on Hickman creek, 10,000 acres located by Samuel Johnson, in Fayette county, 500 acres on Elkhorn, five hundred acres on do. 2000 acres on Jefferson, all of which are entered in the name of Benjamin Netherlands. One moiety of the following tracts, viz: 1035 on Floyd's fork, 2000 on Little Bullskin, 1000 on do. 1000 on do. 1000 on do. 3033 on Floyd's fork, entered in the name of Benjamin Netherlands, and William May, 1000 acres on Jefferson, 2,900 acres on Hickman, entered in the name of John Mofs, 1000 acres on Hickman, entered in the name of John Brown, 1335 acres entered in the name of Benjamin Netherlands and John Bruce, 1335 acres entered in the name of Benjamin Netherlands. The two last mentioned tracts on Eagle creek, and 7,500 acres on Clear creek, 6,805 acres entered in the name of Nicholas Mofey, near Capt. Craig's, 16,37 and a half acres on Jefferson, entered in the name of Charles Scott, (900 acres on Jefferson, entered in the name of William Stafford, the whole of which was the property of said Netherlands,) 5000 acres on Hickman, entered in the name of John Curd, 1668 and a half acres on Hickman entered in the name of William Bradshaw, 9000 acres lying on Licking, entered in the name of John George, and Fielding Lewis, 3000 acres lying on the waters of Floyd's fork, and Bear grass, entered in the name of Hubbard Taylor and Benjamin Netherlands, 5,900 on Floyd's fork, entered in the name of William May, 9,494 acres entered in the name of Mildred Lightfoot, on the waters of the Ohio, 3422 acres on Kentucky, entered in the name of Francis Harris, 4000 on Harrods creek, 1000 on Floyd's fork, 1500 on William May, 1000 on Ohio, entered in the name of John May and John Harvie, 1300 acres on Floyd's fork, entered in the name of Benjamin Netherlands and Peter Coleman, 2000 acres on Floyd's fork entered in the name of Francis Taylor, 6000 acres on Kentucky, entered in the name of Samuel Oldham, 5000 acres entered in the name of Benjamin Netherlands, lying on Green river, 400 acres on Floyd's fork, entered in the name of Benjamin Netherlands and Richard Taylor, 1000 acres on Elkhorn, entered in the name of John and Benjamin Netherlands, 1000 acres, and another tract of 420 entered in the name of Benjamin Netherlands, lying between the North and South forks of Elkhorn; with all other lands the property of the said Netherlands. For all those lands there is a full now commenced in the quarter sessions court the county of Fayette. We do hereby give this notice with intention to injure said Netherlands, but to prevent innocent people from being defrauded.
BEN. S. COX, and JOSEPH FENWICK.

BLANK BONDS,